



# EUI Low latency, improvement?

**D.** Berghmans

SOWG @ESAC/Online, Tuesday 2023-01-17

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		Instrument	Type of data product [use case(s)]	Cadence	Total data vol./day
	eesa	MAG	Magnetic field vector primary (outboard) sensor [1,2]	8s	75 kB <sup>2</sup>
	esac European Space Astronomy Centre (ESAC)	EPD	SIS science data, all species, low cadence [1,2] Subset of HET, EPT, STEP science data [1,2]		4200 kB³ average max 4371 kB
	European a parte Asturionny Cinife (ESAL) P.O. Box, 78 28691 Villanueva de la Cañada, Maríné, Spain [24] 91 8131100 Fax (34) 93 8131139 www.wes.int	RPW	TNR Radio flux at frequency close to 1 MHz [1,2]		Varying: max 400 kB4
<b>DOCUMENT</b> Solar Orbiter Low-Latency Data: Concept and Implementation		SWA	PAS moments (counts, density, velocity, pressure) [1-3] HIS charge state ratios & rate spectra [1,3] EAS single energy distribution [1,3]	300s	450 kB 43 kB⁵ 470 kB (or 117 kB)
		Total			max 5.8 MB (TBC)
		Instr.	Type of data product [use case(s)]	Cadence	Total data vol./da
		EUI	<u>Beacon data</u> : low-resolution FSI images (174/304Å) [2,3] <u>Synoptic data</u> : low-cadence, high-quality FSI images [1] If applicable: Sample <u>HRI data</u> (EUV+Ly-a) [1,3]	30 min 1 set/day 1 set/day	~1.5 MB/day <sup>6</sup>
		РНІ	<i>LL data only when change in mode (or pointing)</i> <u>QL</u> : full-disk continuum & magnetogram thumbnail [all*] <u>Precursor</u> : continuum & magnetogram 1Kx1Kx8bit [1,3] <u>Calibration</u> : snapshot of calibration products [1]	Not daily Few per RSW 1 before RSW start/end RSV	220 kB/precursor
		SPICE	Each science study is preceded by LL version with same scientific performance. [1]	Varying	<b>Varying:</b> ≤0.1 MB/LL stud; Max 1 MB/day
Prepared by  Anik De Groof, with input from Solar Orbiter instruct Reference    SOL-SGS-TN-0003    Issue    Parte of Issue    9 Sep 2017    Status    Draft    Document Type    Technical Note    Distribution    SOWG mailing list	nstrument teams	SoloHI	Regular set of horizontal strips to build "J-maps" [3] Compressed sample of detectors or regions of interest [1]	TBD	Max 1 MB/day
		Metis	2 VL image for tB + 1 UV image (all rebinned) [1] 8 light curves for each VL sector	1 set/day 4*DIT <sup>8</sup>	~900 kB/day
	European Space Agency Agence spatiale européenne	STIX	Light curves per energy band [all*] Flare information data [all*] Energy calibration spectra [1]	4s 8s	800 kB/day

- It allows crude checks of instrument performance and science data quality (i.e. avoids up to 6 month delay in "seeing" what the instrument did).
  It allows making the selective decision for some instruments that use selective data.
- 3. It allows improvement of pointing profile and/or re-targeting when tracking solar features.

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Reference SOL-SGS-TN-0003 Issue 1 Revision 2 Date of Issue 19 Sep 2017	instrument teams	Metis	2 VL image for tB + 1 UV image (all rebinned) [1] 8 light curves for each VL sector	4*DIT <sup>8</sup>	
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		Total			~6.2 MB (TBC)

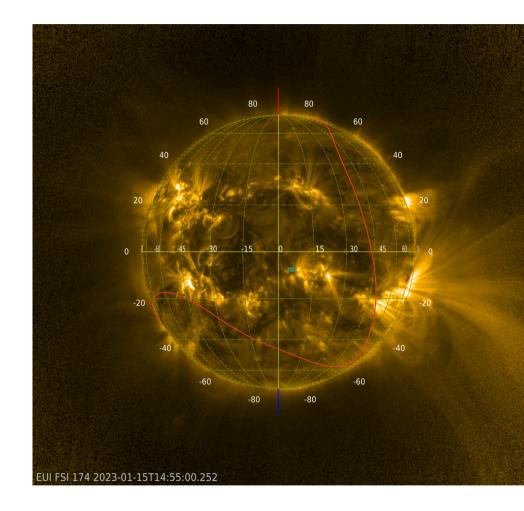
Currently in LTP10, SPICE has 'given' its 1 MB/day to EUI

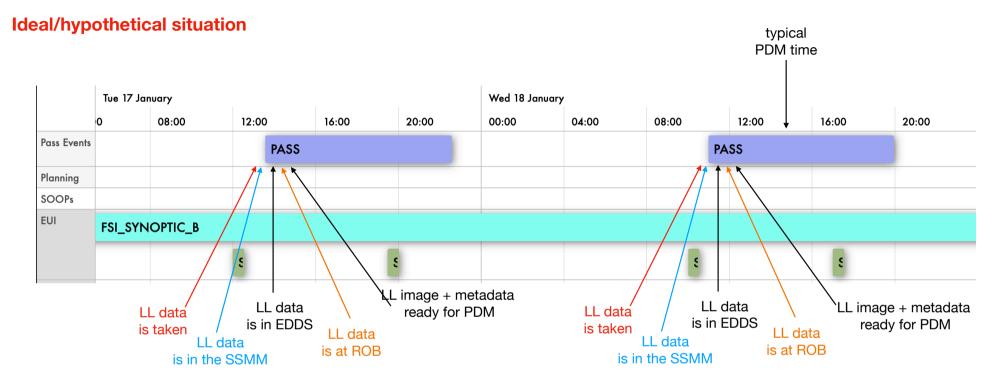
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# 3. Pointing

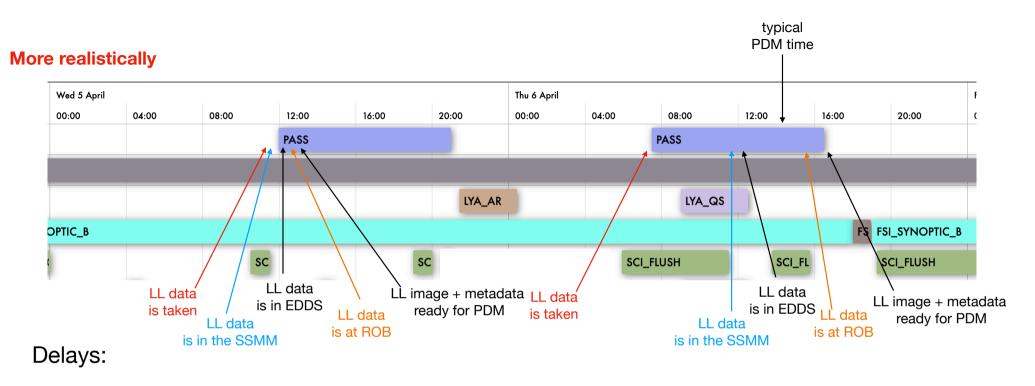
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- The "last day of FSI data" are available at <u>https://www.sidc.be/EUI/data/lastDayFSI/</u> This is typically 1 FSI174/304 image pair of 'yesterday' that was brought down per LL.
- At the Pointing Decision Meetings (PDM), these data are loaded in jHelioviewer and combined with MADAWG.
- EUI/FSI is the only source that provides the on-disc configuration in near real time, as seen from Solar Orbiter. This is particular important in the autumn perihelia and in the later phase of the spring perihelia.

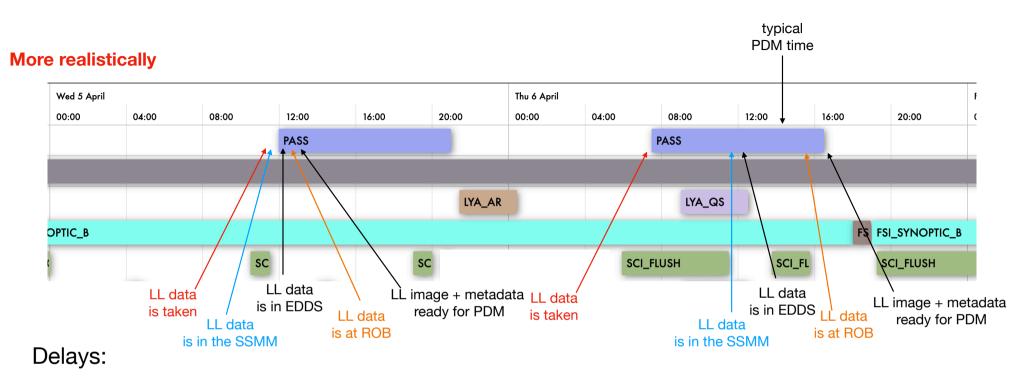




- 1 FSI image pair per day is systematically send into Low Latency just before the pass before the PDM, which are typically in the afternoon.
- in principle, the PDM could have a LL data that is ~ 2 -3 hours old.
  In practice it is nearly always >24 hours old



- 1. The LL data have to queue when an EUI data flush is ongoing. This can take many hours.
- 2. The EDDS data connection to ROB is not entirely stable. Sometimes FSI data are available at ESAC that are not available yet at ROB.
- 3. The as-flown SPICE kernels are not available until after the end of the pass, making the data pointing metadata initially inaccurate.

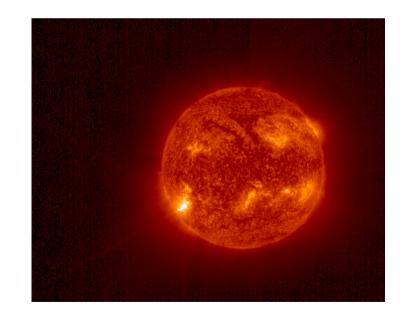


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EUI PDM support would be more consistent/timely if a second LL pair could be taken *just before* the end of the (previous) pass.

### 2. Selective downlink

- 1. It allows crude checks of instrument performance and science data quality (i.e. avoids up to 6 month delay in "seeing" what the instrument did).
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- 3. It allows improvement of pointing profile and/or re-targeting when tracking solar features.
- EUI can, in its internal memory, disregard uninteresting data. This functionality allows to e.g. prioritise flare data.
- To be able to do that we have to get quickly to the ground an inventory of what is currently in memory. These "filesystem list reports" can be 0.3 MiB, often much smaller.
- These reports are currently already generated but not send through Low Latency.



## **Conclusion/ EUI wish list**

- 1. It allows crude checks of instrument performance and science data quality (i.e. avoids up to 6 month delay in "seeing" what the instrument did). 2. It allows making the selective decision for some instruments that use selective data.
- 3. It allows improvement of pointing profile and/or re-targeting when tracking solar features.

LL function	out RSW	in RSW	
1. crude check instrument performance	1 image pair/day: ~1.2 MiB	covered already	
2. selective decision data	1 filesystem list per day: 0.3 MiB	1 filesystem list per day: 0.3 MiB	
3. pointing decision support	NA	2 image pairs/day: ~2.4 MiB	
Total	1.5 MiB (current allocation)	2.7 MiB	